1	Wadnasday 6 Sarkenker 2022	1	notes I had from a marriage accession when Mr Double
1	Wednesday, 6 September 2023	1 2	notes I had from a previous occasion when Mr Bunting
2	(10.30 am) PRELIMINARY HEARING	2 3	wasn't here, so I do apologise to him. I should add that you have received a number of very
3			
5	THE CHAIR: Good morning. Thank you all very much for	4 5	short written submissions from a number of other parties, core participants, who have explained that they
	coming, whether in person or in some cases I know		
6	remotely. Welcome to the family of Ms Sturgess, who	6	will not be attending.
7	I know are attending remotely. If you have any	7	THE CHAIR: I am very grateful to people for putting things
8 9	difficulty in hearing, let those who are monitoring your	8 9	in writing and it will I think accelerate proceedings
	end know, please.		today. It means I can take the applications not as read
10 11	This is a further preliminary hearing. Its object	10	but at least I understand what they are and we can start with that.
12	is to progress a critical stage in this inquiry, which is to address the question of which material can be	12	MR O'CONNOR: I will start, if I may, with just a few
13	considered in public and which, because of the risk that	13	housekeeping points. So as you have said, this is
13		14	a further open directions hearing in the inquiry, it is
15	it would otherwise pose either to national security or to the workings of policing, will have to be heard in	15	in fact the fifth directions hearing in the inquiry.
16	closed hearings.	16	The previous hearing took place on 24 March of this
17	The starting point is that it is a public hearing	17	
18	and everything is in public unless there is a necessity	18	year. This is a hybrid hearing, so as you have already
19	for it not to be. But given what is alleged to have	19	noted, all the advocates, as I have said, are here in
20	happened, it will not be a surprise to anybody that	20	court, but there are some observers from a range of core
21	there is inevitably going to be some material, and	21	participants, including, again as you have noted, family
22	perhaps quite a lot, which falls into the closed	22	members who are following on the link. There are in
23	material category.	23	fact, as with the previous hearing, two links: one live
24	The object of this preliminary hearing is to	24	link and one link that has a delay in it I will come
25	investigate that question and that question will also	25	back to that point in a moment and. So may I simply
23	investigate that question and that question will also	23	ouck to that point in a monton take. So may I simply
	Page 1		Page 3
1	have to be investigated in some detail, I suspect by me	1	echo your remarks at this stage that if anyone who is on
2	in closed hearings, to follow this quite shortly.	2	the link has any difficulties with following
3	Right, Mr O'Connor.	3	proceedings, then please if they could make touch with
4	Submissions by MR O'CONNOR	4	the inquiry team, perhaps in the first instance emailing
5	MR O'CONNOR: Sir, I appear this morning with my learned	5	Mr Smith. That is the appropriate process.
6	friends Ms Whitelaw King's Counsel and Ms Pottle as	6	So second, returning to the point about the
7	counsel to the inquiry. Mr Mansfield, King's Counsel,	7	different links. You have adopted a protocol on
8	Mr Straw, King's Counsel and Mr Nicholls are here	8	security measures for preliminary hearings. It has been
9	representing the family of Dawn Sturgess, and also	9	published on the inquiry website, it is in the bundle,
10	Charlie Rowley. Ms McGahey, King's Counsel, Mr Watson,	10	and we don't need to look at it now but it is at tab 48.
11	King's Counsel, and Ms Woolff are here acting for the	11	In summary, the public and the media who are following
12	Home Secretary and also a number of other government	12	this hearing remotely will do so by means of the delayed
13	departments and agencies. Operation Verbasco is	13	link, which is delayed by five minutes. CPs, core
14	represented this morning by my learned friend	14	participants that is, and legal representatives who are
15	Ms Giovannetti, King's Counsel, who is instructed by the	15	following remotely have the other link, the live link.
16	Metropolitan Police; and also Ms Shrimpton, and also	16	During the hearing, members of the public and media who
17	Mr Goss, who is in fact instructed by Thames Valley	17	are present in the hearing room may not communicate with
18	Police.	18	anyone outside the hearing room by phone, email, instant
19	THE CHAIR: Okay.	19	messaging or other electronic means. That is the effect
20	MR O'CONNOR: Finally for today's purposes, Mr Berry is here	20	of the protocol you have issued, sir.
21	for the Chief Constable of Wiltshire Police.	21	THE CHAIR: Yes.
22	THE CHAIR: Yes, and there is Mr Bunting for the media.	22	MR O'CONNOR: The purpose of it, briefly, is to accommodate
23	MR O'CONNOR: Sorry, yes. Mr Bunting.	23	a situation where something is said which shouldn't have
24	THE CHAIR: Not overlooked, Mr Bunting, don't worry.	24	been said and we will hope that doesn't happen. If
25	MR O'CONNOR: I am guilty of having cut and pasted some	25	does, we will take the appropriate steps.
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1 THE CHAIR: Yes. 1 help me to hear from them first today. MR O'CONNOR: Sir, third housekeeping point. You have your 2 2 MR O'CONNOR: Yes, sir. 3 bundle, in fact it is quite a sizeable bundle for this 3 THE CHAIR: It is not completely impossible that one might 4 4 have to come back to them later on today, but I would hearing, perhaps the two critical documents, or the 5 starting points at any rate, are the two open 5 avoid that if possible. But does anybody want to 6 restriction order application documents from Operation 6 contend that Mr O'Connor's running order ought to be 7 Verbasco and HMG. They are at tabs 4 and 5 of your 7 abandoned? 8 8 bundle. You then have a series of written submissions MR MANSFIELD: No, thank you. 9 Q which have been prepared first of all by us, and then by THE CHAIR: Mr Bunting? 10 core participants for the purpose of this hearing, 10 MR BUNTING: No, thank you. 11 including HMG and Operation Verbasco. Those are at tabs 11 MR O'CONNOR: I did have an opportunity to discuss with 12 8 to 14 of your bundle. 12 Mr Mansfield and Mr Bunting before you came in and as 13 As with previously hearings, we do propose to 13 I understood it, they are --14 publish the documents to which I have referred, that is 14 THE CHAIR: Then that is what we will do. 15 the application documents and also the written 15 MR O'CONNOR: Then I will start, as I say, with a short 16 submissions, on the inquiry website at the end of the 16 update in terms of procedural matters. 17 hearing. But if there is any objection to that taken by 17 THE CHAIR: Yes. 18 18 any core participant, then I invite them to raise that MR O'CONNOR: Sir, I am glad to say a great deal of work has 19 19 with you in the course of the hearing when they come to been undertaken by all those involved since the last 20 make their oral submissions. 20 hearing earlier this year. Much of that work has been 21 21 For completeness, sir, as core participants are steered by the directions you made at the conclusion of 22 22 aware, you also have available to you in your bundle the last hearing. Those directions -- I will not repeat 23 a range of submissions from previous hearings in case 23 them now but they are on the inquiry website and they 24 24 are also set out in our written submissions. they become relevant. 25 THE CHAIR: Yes. 25 THE CHAIR: No. It may be worth saying that it must be Page 5 Page 7 MR O'CONNOR: Sir, fourth point, briefly. As you have 1 1 frustrating for people who come only to the open 2 2 already indicated, arrangements have been made to hearings, but I ought to record that there has been 3 conduct a further closed hearing following this one. 3 an immense amount of very detailed work done in support 4 I think it is perhaps obvious, but your intention is to 4 of an expansion of the restriction order applications 5 rule on these applications once both this hearing and 5 that are made this morning, with a view to consideration 6 the closed hearing have taken place. in due course in closed hearings. So I am aware that 6 7 THE CHAIR: Yes, at present, that is right. 7 there are great lists of individual documents which 8 MR O'CONNOR: Finally, sir, in terms of the oral submissions 8 I shall have to plough through in due course. 9 this morning, I will address you briefly first of all 9 MR O'CONNOR: Yes. Sir, picking up again, I am pleased to 10 a short procedural update, then some submissions on the 10 say that stage 1 of the disclosure exercise, that is the 11 11 process of document -- those who hold documents restriction order applications, and then a few points 12 about other linked procedural matters. 12 principally -- not entirely but principally HMG and 13 The running order to follow, it is of course for 13 Operation Verbasco providing us with potentially 14 Operation Verbasco and HMG to make their applications 14 relevant documents for review and us then indicating, 15 before you. But since they have already, as it were, 15 having reviewed them, whether the documents are or are 16 started that process in writing, it seemed to us the 16 not relevant. That process is essentially complete. 17 sensible order would be for the family and for the media 17 THE CHAIR: Yes. 18 to make their oral submissions to you, and I think 18 MR O'CONNOR: It has been a very considerable task indeed, 19 19 tens of thousands of documents have been reviewed. We Mr Berry has a short submission he would wish to make as 20 well. That to happen first and then for Operation 20 had set ourselves the object of completing this exercise 21 Verbasco and HMG to make their oral submissions, having 21 by the end of June and we did indeed manage to review 22 heard what --22 all of the material with which we have been provided by 23 THE CHAIR: I have thought about that, Mr O'Connor, and 23 that date 24 unless there are submissions that either the family or 24 Inevitably, sir, there are some small sets of 25 the media want to make to the contrary, I think it would 25 documents that we have been provided with subsequently. Page 6 Page 8

1	A process like this is never truly finished and there is	1	is a small overlap between them. The content of those
2	a little bit more detail about that in written	2	samples is something that was debated at the previous
3	submissions.	3	hearing before you and, as I have said, those particular
4	But the headline point, sir, is that stage 1 is now	4	documents that are the subject of the applications which
5	substantially complete and that means we can now focus	5	cannot be displayed in open, they are marked up showing
6	on stage 2 of the process; in other words, disclosing to	6	which parts of them are contended to be sensitive, and
7	core participants those documents we have identified as	7	that is a task of considering whether or not those
8	being relevant, and that of course takes us right away	8	redactions should or should not be made, in the end.
9	to the restriction order process which we are dealing	9	That is a task you will be involved with at the closed
10	with today.	10	hearing.
11	THE CHAIR: Yes.	11	Looking ahead, it is intended that the ruling you
12	MR O'CONNOR: Of course this was all envisaged at the last	12	give on these sample documents, these applications, will
13	hearing earlier this year. We knew we were coming	13	assist in determining subsequent restriction order
14	towards the end of the stage 1 process and you gave	14	applications in respect of remaining documents, and it
15	directions for the first round of restriction order	15	is very much part of our intention that we will build on
16	applications to be made. And those applications, the	16	your ruling and be able to adopt a streamlined approach
17	ones we are concerned with today, were indeed made by	17	in respect of subsequent material.
18	HMG and Operation Verbasco on 14 July this year,	18	THE CHAIR: Yes, assist but not determine in advance.
19	pursuant to the directions you had made.	19	MR O'CONNOR: That's right.
20	As you have said, we that is your team we have	20	THE CHAIR: Yes.
21	liaised closely with both HMG and Operation Verbasco in	21	MR O'CONNOR: So of course, it is for Ms Giovannetti and
22	preparation of their applications, including, for	22	Ms McGahey to advance their applications and as I have
23	example, in terms of the selection of the sample	23	said, we propose that they will address you after you
24	documents that are the subject of these applications.	24	have heard from the family and the media and Mr Berry.
25	We reviewed the applications when they were made, issued	25	We have made some fairly detailed observations on the
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	Page 9		Page 11
1	in July, and having done that, and you having considered	1	applications in our own written submissions which I know
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2	the matter, you concluded that the hearing we had	2	you have read, I am not going to repeat those. I will
3	the matter, you concluded that the hearing we had provisionally listed in July did not need to go ahead.	2 3	you have read, I am not going to repeat those. I will simply limit myself to a few short introductory
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1 1 fact, in the passages to which I have just taken you to, that the people who are only attending the open hearings 2 you refer to some of the PII case law. 2 only have a partial view of the --3 3 THE CHAIR: It is intensely frustrating, Mr O'Connor, for Ultimately, of course, your task is to undertake the 4 4 anybody who can only attend the open hearings. But that section 19 process. It is a statutory test and in fact 5 it is a fairly detailed test that is set out in the Act 5 is the function I have to discharge. All right. 6 that you must follow. As we said, our starting point is 6 MR O'CONNOR: Another way of making this point, the way we 7 7 might put it, is that the identification of these harm that you have correctly identified in those paragraphs 8 the approach to take. 8 category is an essential starting point in the 9 9 Sir, everyone is agreed that the determination of restriction order process, but it is only that. Even if 10 10 these applications is of fundamental importance to the a document or part of a document does fall into 11 work of this inquiry. The balancing exercises that you 11 a category of recognised harm, you will still conduct 12 12 a balancing exercise and may reject the application. must conduct will bear directly on your ability to 13 conduct a full investigation into the circumstances of 13 THE CHAIR: Document by document, or at least group of 14 14 documents by group of documents, or class of -- kind Dawn Sturgess's death and the related aim of allaying 15 15 of -- where there are common considerations, then no public concern about those matters. Precisely because 16 of the importance of this stage of the process, the 16 doubt documents can be considered in groups. But 17 written submissions you have received stress that this 17 basically, as I understand it, document by document. 18 18 MR O'CONNOR: Sir, yes. That document by document exercise must be conducted thoroughly and carefully and 19 also as transparently as possible. 19 consideration is a process which of course must be 20 There is, of course, a tension between those 20 confined to the closed hearings. It is very much part 2.1 21 of our role as counsel to the inquiry to assist you in imperatives. It is inherent in applications of this 22 22 nature that issues can only be addressed at a level of that exercise. As I have already mentioned, we have 23 23 been engaging with the HMG and Operation Verbasco teams generality in open. To go further would risk causing 24 24 for some time now in respect of these applications. the damage that the whole process is designed to avoid. 25 25 That process, which has already led to the applications But no one should be in any doubt that you will be Page 13 Page 15 1 conducting a searching examination of the justification 1 being refined, is continuing. 2 2 for the restriction orders that are sought in the closed Both Operation Verbasco and HMG have now received 3 3 detailed closed written submissions from us relating to hearings. 4 4 these applications and we anticipate that they will For example, the fact that the species of harm that 5 underpin the applications are expressed as categories in 5 respond with responsive submissions. Our expectation is 6 the open documents does not mean either that you will be 6 that this exchange of closed submissions will both make 7 entertaining what used to be described as class claims, 7 the closed hearing more efficient and also perhaps 8 or that you will not review documents and sections of 8 narrow the issues. 9 9 documents that are sought to be withheld individually to In summary, sir, all involved can be assured that 10 determine whether or not the particular applications are 10 very considerable effort is being dedicated to ensuring 11 justified. 11 that these applications are assessed with great 12 THE CHAIR: I have read the categories in both the 12 thoroughness in the closed part of these proceedings. 13 applications, Mr O'Connor, more as chapter headings than 13 THE CHAIR: Yes. 14 14 as inclusive -- than as boxes. MR O'CONNOR: Sir, returning to the open hearing today, 15 15 MR O'CONNOR: Yes. there has been some criticism, especially in the media 16 16 THE CHAIR: I think I am right in understanding the submissions from Mr Bunting, of the extent of the open 17 responsive submissions from both Ms McGahey and 17 explanation and justification that has been provided. 18 Ms Giovannetti to agree to that; in other words no one 18 You will have to hear what Mr Bunting has to say, and no 19 is contending that anything which can be described as 19 doubt you will consider whether any more can or should 20 falling within a category is automatically to be closed; 20 be given in open. 21 and if they are, they have a major exercise in 21 Without wishing to prejudge that issue, we would 22 22 persuasion on hand. observe first that the open applications do contain the 23 23 MR O'CONNOR: Sir, that is also our understanding of their harm categories and at least some examples of the types 24 position. But I think in fairness, we have to -- it is 24 of material in play. Second, this has enabled those 25 a point that is well worth stressing, given the fact 25 acting for Ms Sturgess's family to make detailed and Page 16 Page 14

1 1 Verbasco have had in mind in formulating their thoughtful submissions about possible objections to 2 restriction orders or boundaries beyond which you should 2 applications. It is something we have also been 3 3 researching and giving thought to. But as I have said, not go. We would also note that the HMG written 4 submissions contain some further information and 4 we are grateful to the family for their assistance in 5 clarification made at our suggestion. 5 this regard. 6 6 Sir, one last matter for now. It relates to quite Sir, we are grateful for the written submissions 7 7 a specific point which is raised at paragraphs 25 and 26 received, especially from Ms Sturgess's family in their 8 written submissions, and also in the accompanying of the submissions from Dawn Sturgess's family. Perhaps 9 9 schedule of open source material they have provided. We I could ask you to look at it. It is in tab 9 of the 10 10 are of course familiar with much of the material they bundle 11 refer to, but it is nonetheless useful to us, and we are 11 THE CHAIR: Yes. Which paragraph did you say? 12 12 MR O'CONNOR: Paragraphs 25 and 26. sure to you, to have the material marshaled in the way 13 they have done. 13 THE CHAIR: Thank you. 14 14 MR O'CONNOR: It is a point which is made which picks up on If information is in the public domain, then that 15 15 a footnote in fact on the HMG restriction order will always be at least a powerful argument against 16 granting a restriction order in respect of it. I put it 16 application. It may actually help if I invite to you 17 no higher because depending on the detail of the 17 keep a finger here and I just show you that other 18 reference, first of all. So that is tab 4, the HMG 18 document and the way in which the information is 19 19 presented in it, there may nonetheless be grounds for application, and it is on the second page of that 20 some restriction; for example, issues around NCND may 20 application. It's footnote 1 at the bottom of the page. 2.1 21 THE CHAIR: Yes. 22 22 MR O'CONNOR: In the footnote, HMG are referring to the fact But as a starting point, it is obviously important 23 23 that we had indicated to them that certain material that you should understand if, and the extent to which, 24 relating to the HMG's international diplomatic 24 any information that is subject to a restriction order 25 25 engagement following the Sturgess attack was unlikely to application is already in the public domain. Page 17 Page 19 1 THE CHAIR: That will depend at least -- I had better say so 1 be relevant unless it went to attribution, and those 2 2 now because Mr Mansfield, Mr Straw, Mr Bunting may want words I will come back to. 3 3 to think about it, but it seems to me there is a clear You will see, going back to the family's 4 difference in asking whether something is in the public 4 submissions, they have requested further information or 5 domain, between an assertion or a speculation or 5 clarification on categories of information that we have 6 a theory on the one hand, and a fact which is stated by 6 identified as not relevant, or unlikely to be relevant 7 somebody who could be expected to have knowledge of it, 7 during the disclosure exercise. 8 especially if they are official, on the other. 8 Can I, first of all, emphasise that we have in fact 9 Different considerations might easily apply. 9 sought to keep the disclosure exercise as broad as 10 MR O'CONNOR: Sir, certainly. As I said, there are shades 10 possible to ensure we catch all information that might 11 11 in all of this. The way in which the information is be relevant to the circumstances of Ms Sturgess's death. 12 presented, as you say, sir, whether it is something that 12 We have therefore given only very limited indications to 13 material providers about categories of information we 13 amounts to an assertion from, for example, a government 14 source or merely speculation. These things make 14 regard as irrelevant or unlikely to be relevant. That 15 15 is precisely because we have not wished to narrow the a difference to the balancing act. 16 16 THE CHAIR: Also whether assertions are evidence-based or process at too early a stage. 17 Operation Verbasco has provided us with all of its 17 not 18 material relating to Skripal and Sturgess 18 MR O'CONNOR: Sir, yes. 19 19 investigations, and HMG has applied low relevance THE CHAIR: From the very beginning in this case, there have 20 thresholds with the consequence, as I have said, we have 20 been assertions without evidence to back them. 21 21 now reviewed tens of thousands of documents. MR O'CONNOR: Shades of grey in all of this. But in any 22 22 However, the volume of material relating to some event, sir, we repeat it is extremely helpful to have 23 that schedule and the question of whether material is in 23 issues has made it necessary for us to give a steer as 24 to likely irrelevance in some areas. Two examples being 24 the public domain, if so, how it has been presented, we 25 first of all the cleanup operation in Salisbury, and 25 submit, is a matter we are sure HMG and Operation Page 20 Page 18

1	also and this goes back to the footnote HMG's	1	First of all, the police report. As you will know,
2	international/diplomatic engagement following the	2	this is intended to be, and I am sure will be, a key
3	Skripal poisoning. In both instances, however, we have	3	plank in the evidence that you will consider at the
4	stressed we do wish to receive disclosure of material	4	substantive hearings. Considerable work has been
5	within those categories which is of potential relevance	5	undertaken both by Operation Verbasco, also our team and
6	to the circumstances of Dawn Sturgess's death.	6	HMG have inputted as well into the preparation of this
7	For example, with regard to the cleanup operation in	7	document. It has deliberately been kept in draft as the
8	Salisbury, we have said that while we don't need to	8	disclosure process has gone forward to enable material
9	receive disclosure of the voluminous documentation	9	arising during that process to be included within it.
10	relating to the cleanup of sites that have no relevance	10	But as I think we said at the last hearing, the time is
11	at all to Dawn Sturgess, we do wish to receive	11	now approaching where that document does need to be
12	disclosure of all documents relating to the distribution	12	finalised.
13	of the poison, for example, and also any documents	13	We welcome the indication from Operation Verbasco
14	relating to the consideration given at the time to	14	that a final version can be provided by 31 October and
15	and/or the search for possible containers used, or	15	it will then of course need to be fed into the
16	possible discarded containers, that may have been used	16	restriction order process, although we will all note
17	by those responsible for the Skripal attack.	17	that at least most of, many of the documents that
18	THE CHAIR: Right.	18	underpin that report, have deliberately been included in
19	MR O'CONNOR: Similarly, and this just does bring us back to	19	this restriction order exercise so one would hope that
20	the point addressed in the footnote, as far as the HMG's	20	we will be well ahead by the time we get the report
21	international engagement is concerned, we did make it	21	THE CHAIR: Before 31 October one would hope, yes.
22	clear that if and to the extent this material does touch	22	MR O'CONNOR: with the implications from the restriction
23	on the question of responsibility for the Skripal	23	order process of the police report.
24	poisoning, then it is relevant and must be disclosed.	24	As we have said, one consequence of finalising the
25	That in fact is recorded in the footnote to which I took	25	police report at this stage, it may well mean there is
	Page 21		Page 23
1	you in those words, "unless it went to attribution",	1	a supplementary report that has to be produced prior to
1 2		1 2	a supplementary report that has to be produced prior to the final hearing. But that is something we will
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1 1 guidance you give in the ruling following these that the whole disclosure process would be finished by 2 2 19 April and that the substantive hearings were to applications. 3 That may well involve you determining at least some 3 commence in Salisbury in October. That is the timeline. 4 further applications on paper, rather than by means of 4 In order to progress this timetable, we suggest that you 5 a hearing. 5 list a directions hearing for a date in January 2024, 6 THE CHAIR: Yes. that being our suggestion as to the next hearing. That 6 7 MR O'CONNOR: Rolling disclosure is an issue that was 7 hearing could consider the progress of such matters as 8 debated at the last hearing. There are plainly many 8 rule 9 requests: lists of issues, witness lists, 9 good reasons why core participants -- and we have in Q anonymity/special measure applications, although of 10 mind in particular the team representing Ms Sturgess's 10 course work on all those matters will continue in the 11 family -- should be provided with as many documents as 11 interim. It is possible that it will be convenient to 12 consider restriction order applications at that hearing 12 possible, as early as possible, in the restriction order 13 disclosure process. This is a point that has been 13 as well. 14 14 canvassed to some extent in the written submissions. That is our submission, sir, that the next hearing 15 15 I know you are going to hear both from Mr Mansfield, and after today should be in January. 16 16 THE CHAIR: Right. I anticipate Ms McGahey, about it later on this morning. 17 Sir, we understand of course the concerns expressed 17 MR O'CONNOR: Unless there ask anything else I can cover, 18 by HMG about the mosaic effect and that is something 18 those are the submissions I planned to make. 19 that was canvassed at the last hearing. But we do say 19 THE CHAIR: That is very helpful, Mr O'Connor, thank you 20 we are sceptical as to whether those concerns alone can 20 very much. It maps out the territory. 21 21 justify a conclusion that the family can simply be Now, Mr Mansfield. 22 22 provided with nothing until the entire process is MR MANSFIELD: Sir, I wonder if Mr Straw may go first and 23 complete. 23 I go second. 24 THE CHAIR: Entirely up to you. 24 Particularly now, stage 1 disclosure is, as I have 25 said, essentially finished and HMG is therefore in 25 MR STRAW: Thank you, sir. Page 25 Page 27 1 a position to understand the totality of the documents 1 Submissions by MR STRAW 2 2 that are in play. You will recall that another of the MR STRAW: Sir, I hope to cover four issues: briefly, the 3 directions you made at the last hearing was that 3 legal background to restriction orders; then the factors 4 Operation Verbasco should prepare a hard copy set of the 4 weighing in favour and against restriction orders; then 5 police documents that have been identified as being 5 the question of Sergei Skripal; and finally, briefly, 6 relevant and that is underway. Sir, particularly now 6 rolling disclosure. 7 things are moving forward in that way, in our 7 First, the legal background to restriction orders. 8 submission, it ought to be possible to provide at least 8 The starting point is of course section 18 and 9 some measure of rolling disclosure during the autumn and 9 section 19 of the Act, and we agree with the terms in 10 into the early part of next year, rather than the 10 which you describe those sections in your previous 11 11 extreme position of waiting until all of the documents order. I don't seek to say anything further about that. 12 have been considered for restriction before any further 12 THE CHAIR: Because it was based on your submissions 13 Mr Straw. But anyway, I managed to get it right, did I? 13 onwards disclosure being made. 14 14 MR STRAW: Thank you, sir. Indeed. As I say, I anticipate you will hear further 15 15 Of course, section 19 should incorporate what is submissions about this, perhaps. I am sure you will 16 sometimes called the open justice principle. That is 16 hear further submissions this morning, and it may well 17 17 be a matter that you will need to take up further in described in more detail in paragraph 4 of our written 18 18 closed hearings as well. submissions, where we quote not least from the case of 19 THE CHAIR: Yes. 19 Re BBC, in which, sir, you were one of the justices. In 20 brief, given that context, the open justice principle 20 MR O'CONNOR: Finally from me, in terms of the next hearing, 21 21 means performing a fact-specific balancing exercise you directed on the last occasion that the final open 22 22 wherein the fundamental importance of open justice is restriction order hearing, where we very much hope that 23 essentially any final loose ends will be tied up, will 23 weighed into one side of the balance. That requires 24 attention to a wide range of factors which depend on the 24 be on 15 March next year. You will recall, for the 25 25 record, that you also directed, following on from that, specific context. Page 28 Page 26

1	For the reasons in paragraph 3 of our submissions,	1	examples of the type of matters we would encourage you
2	we submit that that open justice principle is applicable	2	to have regard to. The first is the importance of the
3	to a public inquiry such as this.	3	particular documents or piece of evidence in which this
4	THE CHAIR: Yes.	4	allegedly sensitive fact appears.
5	MR STRAW: Sir, the second issue, factors weighing in favour	5	THE CHAIR: Yes. The more relevant it is, the more cogent
6	of restriction orders first. We readily accept the	6	must be the arguments for exclusion.
7	threat posed by Russia to the UK and to UK national	7	MR STRAW: Precisely.
8	security and we of course accept that there will be	8	THE CHAIR: Yes.
9	a considerable amount of information that cannot be	9	MR STRAW: The second example is of course the particular
10	disclosed as a result of that. As to the test to be	10	evidence of harm of the specific fact being disclosed.
11	applied to different public interests, at one end of the	11	For example, if we are considering the location of
12	spectrum, the courts take what is sometimes called the	12	number plate recognition technology back in 2018, the
13	hands-off approach to national security. Again, sir,	13	question arises as to whether that technology is still
14	you summarised that in your ruling of last year, and	14	in use now and whether those locations are still in use.
15	Lord Justice Goldring did in Litvinenko at paragraphs 53	15	If they are not still operational, then that is likely
16	to 61.	16	to be relevant to whether there is a risk of harm in
17	The point we would like to make, however, is what	17	disclosing them.
18	approach should be taken to other interests, other	18	THE CHAIR: Yes.
19	public interests that are relied upon, which do not	19	MR STRAW: The third example is, of course, the extent to
20	involve national security? In our submission, the	20	which the information is in public, or the extent to
21	reasons for the hands-off approach in the national	21	which it is being disclosed to the family, in particular
22	security context do not apply to the same extent in	22	by the original coroner in these proceedings.
23	respect of all of the other interests which have been	23	Mr Mansfield will address you in more detail as to what
24	identified by the applicant.	24	is already in public, but there are just two points
25	To take an example, the investigation of crime or	25	I would like to make about this topic.
			•
	Page 29		Page 31
1	the conservation of police resources. The reason which	1	Firstly, we agree with the point you made earlier,
2		l .	
	favours a hands-off approach in the national security	2	sir, that it depends who made the statement and for that
3	favours a hands-off approach in the national security context, for example the Home Secretary's particular	2 3	sir, that it depends who made the statement and for that reason in our schedule, we have tried to focus, at least
	**		•
3	context, for example the Home Secretary's particular	3	reason in our schedule, we have tried to focus, at least
3 4	context, for example the Home Secretary's particular expertise in issues of national security or democratic	3 4	reason in our schedule, we have tried to focus, at least initially, on statements made by officials. So by the
3 4 5	context, for example the Home Secretary's particular expertise in issues of national security or democratic accountability for those issues don't necessarily apply to the same degree in, for example, the location of	3 4 5	reason in our schedule, we have tried to focus, at least initially, on statements made by officials. So by the Prime Minister, the government, the police, or evidence that has been released
3 4 5 6	context, for example the Home Secretary's particular expertise in issues of national security or democratic accountability for those issues don't necessarily apply	3 4 5 6	reason in our schedule, we have tried to focus, at least initially, on statements made by officials. So by the Prime Minister, the government, the police, or evidence
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1 Russian state has in spreading disinformation. 1 to which the information relied on is already in public 2 and to draw that to the attention of the judge hearing a 2 THE CHAIR: You are obviously right, Mr Straw, if I may say 3 3 so, about the general proposition that the more you can 4 THE CHAIR: Yes, understood. 4 say in public, the greater the public confidence in your 5 MR STRAW: Factors weighing against the restriction orders, 5 conclusions is likely to be. You have to be a little 6 this is paragraph 19 onwards of our submissions, the 6 bit careful at this stage when no evidence has been 7 7 first factor is of course the fundamental importance of produced at all, not simply to assume that the popular 8 open justice, or in the way it was put in the inquests 8 supposition about what happened is accurate. That is q q case in the Court of Appeal of T, the powerful what I am here to find out. It may well be, but it may 10 10 imperative of open justice. We submit that that not. I don't know. 11 ordinary fundamental importance is of even greater 11 MR STRAW: Yes, I fully accept that, of course. 12 Other factors that fall in favour of openness in 12 weight in this case because of the really unprecedented 13 public concern in the subject matter of the inquiry, it 13 this inquiry are perhaps supplementary, so I will deal 14 14 with them relatively quickly, but they include: third, being the first ever aggressive use of a nerve agent in 15 the EU, and one which the police indicated at one point 15 the family's ability to effectively participate is of 16 a bottle which was capable of killing 1,000 members of 16 course undermined by a restriction order. That is 17 the public. 17 an important factor, given that this inquiry was 18 THE CHAIR: If all those facts are proved, yes. 18 intended to take the place of an inquest, and it is well 19 MR STRAW: Yes. Those are examples as to why there is 19 recognised that coronial legislation intended to put the 20 unprecedented public concern -- I suppose whether they 20 family at the heart of the inquest process. 21 are true or not, it is the concern which weighs in 21 A fourth factor: openness can encourage further 22 22 favour of openness in this case. evidence to come forward, and that may be of particular 23 THE CHAIR: I see. 23 importance in respect of what happened in the UK in this 24 24 case. That is because it appears there are a very large MR STRAW: The second factor we rely on is probably the 25 most important, and this is that the more your reasons, 25 number of people who may have been involved or who may Page 33 Page 35 1 your ultimate conclusions, sir, are in public, the more 1 be able to give relevant evidence as to what happened in 2 2 the evidence to support them is public, the greater the the UK, and therefore at least a significant chance that 3 3 public confidence will be in those conclusions. We rely hearing evidence in public may prompt other people to 4 4 come forward and give evidence about it. on the Supreme Court case of Dring v Cape in support of 5 that, but I am sure it will be obvious in any event. In 5 THE CHAIR: Right. 6 the present context, we submit there is great importance 6 MR STRAW: The fifth factor is encouraging accurate 7 in your reasons and the evidence to support your 7 testimony of witnesses. 8 conclusions being made public. 8 Sir, those are the factors we submit are against 9 We cite in our submissions a range of information, 9 restriction orders and in favour of openness. 10 not least from the Intelligence and Security Committee 10 The third issue I would like to cover, if I may, is 11 of Parliament, which draws attention to the Russian 11 the question as to whether Mr Skripal was an agent of 12 campaign of disinformation in the UK, not least about 12 the UK. 13 this case, and explains the motives, or summarises the 13 THE CHAIR: Right. 14 motives, that the Russian state has in spreading 14 MR STRAW: The government's recent 25 August submissions 15 disinformation. Those motives are factors which can 15 state at paragraph 8(3) that the government can neither 16 cause serious risk to the UK and to the UK's national 16 confirm nor deny whether he was an agent. We would 17 security. They include the motive of undermining 17 respectfully invite you to make an order to reject 18 western democratic governments. 18 a restriction order as to the question as to whether he 19 Now, the more this inquiry is able to put forward 19 used to be an agent for the UK. 20 a convincing counter-narrative, so the more that 20 This is of course a question for you, sir. You 21 convincing reasons and evidence which support your 21 don't need to salute the flag, as it is sometimes put, 22 ultimate conclusions can be put in the public domain, 22 of the NCND policy. The government refers to the case 23 the more likely it is that this inquiry will undermine 23 of Scappaticci, but that case did not come down to any 24 that Russian disinformation campaign, and this inquiry 24 general principle that in every case the fact as to 25 will be capable of obstructing those malign motives the 25 whether a person was or was not an agent for the UK Page 36 Page 34

1			
	should be kept secret.	1	Of course we acknowledge that in the Litvinenko
2	THE CHAIR: No, it didn't. Lord Carswell, as I understand	2	case, it was not declared that he was an agent. But we
3	it, expressly observed that the government submissions	3	have said in this case it is an exceptional case, really
4	there being made did not amount to a suggestion that	4	for two reasons. The first is it is apparently
5	there should never be any exceptions. That is right,	5	completely clear to Russia that Sergei Skripal was a UK
6	isn't it?	6	agent, and I say that because he was tried and convicted
7	MR STRAW: Yes, it was expressed.	7	of being a UK agent, sentenced to
8	THE CHAIR: On the other hand, Scappaticci was a case in	8	THE CHAIR: That is a different question, isn't it? I am
9	which the reason for sorry, let me start again. In	9	only thinking out loud, Mr Straw, which is perhaps
10	Scappaticci, the suggested reason for abandoning neither	10	dangerous, but insofar as what he had previously been
11	confirm nor deny was a risk to life.	11	doing is relevant, is the principal relevance what he
12	MR STRAW: Yes.	12	had been done or what the Russians thought he had been
13	THE CHAIR: Which is perhaps about as grave a factor as you	13	doing? It goes to motive, doesn't it?
14	are likely to encounter.	14	MR STRAW: It does, yes, and we recognise there are shades
15	MR STRAW: Yes, we accept that, but on the other hand of the	15	of this as well. There is what he was doing back in the
16	balance, there was specific evidence in that case that	16	2000s, and then may be a different question as to what
17	abandoning the principle would put at risk I think	17	he was doing subsequently, so we recognise it is not
18	risk to life as well of a number of others.	18	a black and white question. But the reason for raising
19	THE CHAIR: Isn't that the basis of the general proposition	19	the knowledge of Russia is in terms of whether revealing
20	that such things are not normally identify confirmed or	20	for him or his family or his associates as to whether
21	denied? It is not the risk to the individual, it is the	21	there is a risk from Russia in revealing the fact that
22	risk to other people should there be any, isn't it?	22	he was an agent, we would say no, because
23	MR STRAW: Yes, it would be necessary to consider that in	23	THE CHAIR: Yes, I understand that, but that is not the
24	deciding whether the restriction order is justified.	24	principal basis of the rationale for a general practice
25	The rationale, really, for the NCND policy is that if in	25	neither to confirm nor to deny. It is not this case in
	Page 37		Page 39
	1 age 37		1 age 37
1	all those cases where a person is not an agent, the	1	any instance, it is the possibility of the repercussions
2	government says they are not an agent, but refuses to	2	for other people.
3	answer in other cases, then by implication it can be	3	MR STRAW: Yes. And turning to that
4	seen	4	
5	THE CHAIR B. 1.1. C		THE CHAIR: At least as I understand it, that is how it is
	THE CHAIR: Precisely. Sooner or later you get boxed into	5	THE CHAIR: At least as I understand it, that is how it is put.
6	a corner.		
6 7		5	put.
	a corner.	5 6	put. MR STRAW: Yes, absolutely. That is how we understand it as
7	a corner. MR STRAW: Yes, precisely. But it also follows from that as	5 6 7	put. MR STRAW: Yes, absolutely. That is how we understand it as well. Turning to that point, the impact on other
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1 1 hearings, which of course we don't want to do. illustrations of that if necessary -- and possibly 2 2 I will not repeat those reasons in favour of rolling require/request the assistance of witnesses, witnesses 3 3 who may be in Salisbury but also, more particularly, disclosure, and Mr Mansfield is going to cover the issue 4 in more detail, if he may, but just to briefly say we 4 expert witnesses, and I will come to that in a moment. simply cannot understand how there can be no rolling 5 5 These are all the things that are necessary for the 6 disclosure at all. There are no documents, no CCTV, no 6 family to perform this role. The question is: at the 7 7 other material, which at this stage it cannot be said moment, if matters remain as they are, there is not 8 there is no risk of significant harm, no credible risk 8 going to be enough time to do it, and the family don't 9 that disclosure of those documents will cause 9 want a delay on the October date. I think, as you 10 10 significant harm. accepted before, one starts at the end and works 11 Therefore, we would invite a sort of twin track 11 backwards. We are trying to get everything ready 12 approach going forward, which is really a sort of case 12 for October of next year. But in order to do that, we 13 by case, document by document, approach. But in the 13 say disclosure, the process of it to the family, has to 14 14 first instance for the inquiry legal team, together with begin now. That is a year in advance. That gives us 15 15 the applicants, to try to work together to identify some hope of covering ground that is in fact very 16 16 documents or other material that can in fact be detailed but relevant. In relation to that issue, 17 disclosed on a rolling basis, but with the backup, sir, 17 namely what disclosure can be made now that will assist 18 that during the course of your restriction order, 18 in the progress for the family. 19 consideration of the applications, that you also bear in 19 What I've attempted to do just in the oral 20 mind this issue and resolve any disputes that are 20 submissions is to categorise it in two ways. There are 21 2.1 brought before you as to not just the restriction orders two groups, if I can put it, or categories of material 22 themselves but also timing, so whether those documents 22 we say can be disclosed now without any risk to anyone 23 23 can be disclosed now -else, or property for that matter. One appreciates that 24 THE CHAIR: I have to think about whether the second is 24 assessing risk is often a very difficult matter but we 25 practical, Mr Straw. But I have the first, certainly. 25 say in these categories, it is fairly clear there can be Page 41 Page 43 MR STRAW: Hopefully the backup of it will be sufficient to 1 1 either no risk or a risk that is dissipated -- either no 2 encourage the applicants to think very carefully about 2 risk, that is the first category, or a risk that is so 3 3 that question. low, it is dissipated and is not realistic. 4 THE CHAIR: Yes. 4 Perhaps on that, since you have just been dealing 5 5 MR STRAW: Sir, unless there is anything else, I will hand with it, I can illustrate very graphically what I would 6 over to Mr Mansfield. 6 suggest is a surreal situation we are now in whereby 7 THE CHAIR: I don't think so, thank you very much. I am 7 there is this issue about the status of Mr Skripal. We 8 very grateful, Mr Straw. 8 say it hardly bears examination. Just that -- we say, 9 9 Yes, Mr Mansfield. comes in the second category, if there is a risk, it is 10 MR MANSFIELD: Thank you, sir. 10 really non-existent, because it is mentioned in the 11 Submissions by MR MANSFIELD 11 schedule, this particular book, and I know my learned 12 MR MANSFIELD: May I approach this matter in the sense of 12 friend is aware of it because it is mentioned in his 13 attempting to assist the inquiry for the benefit of the 13 submissions. 14 family, obviously. They have a central role to play, 14 THE CHAIR: Which book? 15 15 I don't need to emphasise that, but if they are going to MR MANSFIELD: The Skripal Files. 16 THE CHAIR: Mr Urban's book? play a meaningful role, they have to have -- we say 16 17 a much better opportunity than they have at the moment 17 MR MANSFIELD: Yes. 18 to analyse the materials that relate to Dawn Sturgess's 18 THE CHAIR: Yes, I have seen it. 19 death and, as a result of the analysis, perhaps initiate 19 MR MANSFIELD: I brought it in because I realise this is the 20 further investigations. 20 latest -- I won't say it is hot off the press but it is 21 One cannot unnecessarily necessarily accept that all 2.1 the latest version. The one that is mentioned in the 22 those have been done by those who have already, as it 22 schedule, you will see it at item 58. It has a slightly 23 23 were, examined some of this material. There may be new different title there, it is known there as The Skripal 24 avenues that have not been pursued -- I know it may be Files: The Life and Near Death of a Russian Spy. 24 25 difficult to perceive that, but I can obviously give 25 THE CHAIR: Yes. Page 42 Page 44

1	MR MANSFIELD: It is mentioned more than once, but that is	1	this is presented to the public as based on an interview
2	just one example of where it is mentioned, item 58.	2	with the gentleman himself.
3	There you have the right-hand column that you identified	3	MR MANSFIELD: Yes.
4	as being a particularly helpful description of what is	4	THE CHAIR: Right.
5	in the book. Item 58, I hope your copy is the same as	5	MR MANSFIELD: We say that is an example of where we say
6	ours.	6	that neither confirm nor deny is really almost
7	THE CHAIR: I am not sure mine is numbered, Mr Mansfield.	7	Alice in Wonderland, somebody standing there denying the
8	MR MANSFIELD: It is on the right-hand side, or it should	8	obvious. If you put on top of that, the fact is no one
9	be.	9	is disputing that he was a spy, at least for Russia.
10	THE CHAIR: Yes, of course it is. I know perfectly well	10	I don't think the British government are saying he
11	where you mean. 58, got it.	11	wasn't a spy, and there are a series of statements that
12	MR MANSFIELD: That is just an example taken from the book,	12	follow from that that he was a spy for Russia, that he
13	but there are other examples in here taken from the	13	was convicted in Russia I take your point about,
14	book. That is that version	14	well, is it what they thought he was doing or what he
15	THE CHAIR: Just stop there, Mr Mansfield, because it is	15	was actually doing, I appreciate that. But he has been
16	quite a useful example of the approach.	16	convicted, and I leave that to one side.
17	MR MANSFIELD: Yes.	17	He is then involved in a swap a bit odd if he is
18	THE CHAIR: What is quoted there is a very detailed	18	not a double agent, I must say. I hope I am stating the
19	assertion about something that happened to is said to	19	obvious really.
20	have happened to Mr Skripal. Is the source given? Is	20	THE CHAIR: One of the difficulties of this inquiry and this
21	the evidence identified?	21	case, Mr Mansfield, is that everybody popularly supposes
22	MR MANSFIELD: This is the point I was going to make.	22	that they know the answer. They may or may not be
23	THE CHAIR: I think you will find it is.	23	right, but the purpose of the inquiry is to find out.
24	MR MANSFIELD: This book is primarily sourced and based on	24	MR MANSFIELD: I accept that. All I am saying at this stage
25	Mr Skripal's interviews.	25	is you have an actor on this stage who has actually
	Page 45		Page 47
1	THE CHAIR: It says it is, yes.	1	indicated that that is precisely what he was doing. The
2			1 3
	MR MANSFIELD: Well. I hope it is not being disrespectful to	2	only question that remains, I would submit, for the
3	MR MANSFIELD: Well, I hope it is not being disrespectful to any author or anybody else: first of all, Mr Urban is	2 3	only question that remains, I would submit, for the government is to perhaps question what he was doing
3 4	any author or anybody else: first of all, Mr Urban is		only question that remains, I would submit, for the government is to perhaps question what he was doing after he was put up in Salisbury by the British
		3	government is to perhaps question what he was doing
4	any author or anybody else: first of all, Mr Urban is a very well-known, respected and renowned author plus	3 4	government is to perhaps question what he was doing after he was put up in Salisbury by the British
4 5	any author or anybody else: first of all, Mr Urban is a very well-known, respected and renowned author plus journalist in this field and he works for well-known	3 4 5	government is to perhaps question what he was doing after he was put up in Salisbury by the British government, again another factor in all of this.
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1 1 MR BUNTING: If it helps, it is (Inaudible) to our a potential risk but that has been dispelled entirely. 2 And of course the daughter has been giving interviews as 2 submissions, chair, 3 well. So this is a situation in which one has to look 3 THE CHAIR: All right, I will come to it in a minute, in 4 4 to an exceptional situation, as it has been put, in that case. 5 relation to the neither confirm nor deny. So we would 5 MR MANSFIELD: I apologise it is not in here. There are one 6 say here that -- I think Mr Straw has already expressed 6 or two other matters I could mention which are not on 7 7 the schedule. I think the schedule, if I may say so, is that you resist a restriction order. 8 8 I think on the Skripal case, as it were, I probably brilliant and is very, very useful. But needless to Q Q said as much as I need to as far as that is concerned. say, there are always matters that get overlooked. 10 10 THE CHAIR: Yes. THE CHAIR: I have it, thank you very much. I understand 11 11 MR MANSFIELD: The reason I am in a position to say it is 12 12 MR MANSFIELD: That is just an example. Can I just roll the I have looked a the counterterrorism website yesterday, clock back a moment and deal with the two categories 13 13 and in fact somebody has it up to my right here now. 14 I have put before you; namely matters which we say 14 You can go there now and you will see it is all there. 15 15 THE CHAIR: Right. cannot conceivably attract an order and those that are 16 on the margins, category 2. As far as category 1, that 16 MR MANSFIELD: Photographs of the suspects, roads in which 17 is inconceivable that any risk is run here. I am afraid 17 they are supposed to be seen, are named, times that they 18 18 walked along the roads, times they got on trains, planes I am repeating something I said a year ago --19 19 THE CHAIR: Don't apologise, Mr Mansfield. Off you go. coming into Gatwick. Anyway, I could go on but I won't. 20 MR MANSFIELD: I am not going to do it in detail, merely at 20 We say the family are being, as it were -- I will not 21 that time you were interested in this particular point 21 put subjected to all this material, they are obviously 22 22 and actually raised it with Mr O'Connor at that time. interested and want to know more about this. 23 23 We say the underlying data upon which this website That is: there is basic data that could be revealed now, 24 it is not going to endanger anybody. There are three 24 is based, leave aside the Prime Minister because others 25 topics, that is: the movements of the perpetrators --25 have also said it in public, and I understand the Page 49 Page 51 there are now three, obviously there were two -- the 1 1 approach you are taking to perhaps the Prime Minister 2 2 and anybody else who is not an official police source, movements of the perpetrators have been given in public 3 3 but the official police source, that particular website by the government, the Prime Minister herself when she 4 first -- sorry, the second time she stood up was 4 is about -- in fact, I have -- if it will help, I have 5 5 in September of that year, she mapped out times and actually photocopied, I have a copy of it here. 6 6 THE CHAIR: Mr Bunting says it is attached to his dates. They have also --7 THE CHAIR: Forgive me, Mr Mansfield, it is another example 7 submissions 8 of exactly the same problem. For reasons that 8 MR MANSFIELD: Yes. I have a copy of it that might help you 9 9 I perfectly well understand, and I think I can see how now, as it were, so you can see -- I am not going to go 10 it happened, those statements which were made by the 10 through it with you, but I have written on it. 11 Prime Minister and by other members of the government 11 THE CHAIR: No, you needn't do that. 12 back in 2018 were all made without any evidence. Sorry, 12 MR MANSFIELD: Anyway, I have the Salisbury and Amesbury 13 investigation, is how it is headed and it is 13 not I am sure without any evidence lying behind the fact 14 14 that they were made, but without revelation of what it counter-terrorism policing and it is very detailed, it 15 15 is eight pages long with -- I can't show it on this copy 16 MR MANSFIELD: Well, it goes a little further than that. If 16 but there are video-links to aspects that they want to 17 you were to look today on the counterterrorism website 17 develop. 18 it is all there. They have put it there. The police 18 So we say that is a very fine example of where the 19 19 have put it in the public domain. There are family we say are now entitled to see how this has come 20 photographs, there are times, there are roads. 20 about, that everybody within the authorities, the 2.1 THE CHAIR: So where do we find that? 21 prosecuting authorities, have this information and are 22 22 prepared to put it all out. And the reason they have MR MANSFIELD: I don't think the actual website -- can I 23 just check -- has been referred to here but --23 put it all out and one of the photographs is relevant to 24 24 another aspect of this and that is it shows the THE CHAIR: I don't think it is on this very helpful 25 schedule, is it? 25 packaging of the item that was recovered in relation to Page 50 Page 52

1 1 the Amesbury -- in other words, the false perfume box There is really no damage going to be caused by and the bottle and applicator as well. We say getting 2 2 revealing what has been called everywhere a 3 3 gargantuan -- and this is again not speculation -this data is going to be of extreme importance and time 4 consuming because we have been informed there are 4 a gargantuan exercise. 5 thousands -- it won't surprise you at all -- thousands 5 Now we, the family, don't need to know every single 6 aspect of that; however as Mr O'Connor has quite rightly 7 7 Now, are the family therefore next spring to say, said, the existence of other containers, because the bin 8 well, the police have tracked this and that is what they 8 in which it was apparently found by Mr Rowley was taken 9 say and that is it? We say no, the family are entitled 9 into custody by the police, so they have it -- it may 10 to have a look themselves at what is shown because there 10 not be relevant, there may be nothing in it at all. But 11 are aspects of this that are important. May I just 11 all we say is we have nothing at all other than 12 mention one that is not actually in here, on the 12 assertions by the police. 13 website, but it has been mentioned by the police because 13 So we say -- we accord with your approach to this --14 14 we want to see the evidence that supports the assertions it is not just the movements of the perpetrators over 15 being made by the police about what has happened in this the period that we are mostly concerned with -- that is 15 16 the 2nd, 3rd and 4 March 2018 -- it is the movement of 16 case and there is very, very little in relation to the 17 Mr Skripal himself. 17 third man. 18 18 So these are just examples that are in the category There are various sources for this, some of which 19 may fall into the category of speculation, so I don't 19 where there can be no damage done: movements of the 20 use those. But what is stated baldly by police sources 20 perpetrators, movements of Mr Skripal on the day, and 2.1 is that Mr Skripal was seen, or at least was observed at 21 the distribution of Novichok traces found. Because 22 some point by somebody, presumably CCTV, in his car 22 again we don't know, we hear about guinea pigs being in 23 earlier on the same day. This is important, I think it 23 some way contaminated in the house -- in other words, 24 is probably obvious. On the same day, if he is out in 24 one has to build a pattern of where this Novichok has 25 25 been in Salisbury and then the question: how does it get his car, when does he get back? Because the window of Page 53 Page 55 1 opportunity for the suspects is extraordinarily narrow, 1 into the bin and found three months later? 2 2 the suggestion being that the Novichok which is at the So these are basic questions and we say basic 3 3 route of the Salisbury incident was placed on the door information is required. And we say the sources of, if 4 handle of the house. This has all been made public, 4 you like, the sources of material is obviously CCTV. 5 well we need to see this, we need to see the basis for 5 ANPR has already been mentioned by Mr Straw, and this is 6 these suggestions. We say it is in the public domain, 6 the one I mentioned last year which I think attracted 7 it is not going to cause damage to anybody to reveal 7 your attention, which was the mobile phone metadata. 8 these matters. 8 This is important because you will see on this 9 9 The question then arises in relation to Novichok: if schedule that -- again, it is an organisation which is 10 10 it was put on the door handle on the 4th and he had not official, so I can't use it more than. It is 11 11 extraordinary how this organisation which is not already been out in the car, not only when did he get 12 back, but then he leaves in the car at about 12.30 on 12 official happens to have hit all of the right nails, and 13 13 that is Bellingcat. Bellingcat put out a lot of that day to go into the centre of Salisbury. How long 14 does it take, if it has come from the door handle, for 14 information, much of it related to mobile metadata. 15 15 the Novichok to have effect? Unlike the Dawn Sturgess They are claiming that it is the mobile metadata that 16 example where the effect was within minutes, this is the 16 allowed them to name publicly who the third suspect 17 17 was -- and in fact they are naming a fourth as well -best part of three and a half hours. 18 18 and they did this before the Metropolitan Police or any So there are serious questions, therefore, about 19 where this Novichok was distributed. We say the family 19 other police force was able to indicate who the third 20 should know where locations in Salisbury were that 20 suspect was. 21 Novichok was found. And of course some of the findings 2.1 That tends to suggest they might be accurate and we 22 22 may relate to after the bench, as it were, where they say we would like to see -- it is a difficult task, 23 23 were recovered from. obviously, and it is a wealth of material, we would like 24 This goes to the very important point that has been 24 to see that metadata because it will indicate the 25 made only this morning about the cleanup operation. 25 movement of people.

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Now, one of the mobiles that is concerned here, besides the mobiles of the perpetrators, Mr Skripal had a mobile. What were his movements, according to the data? That is not going to, as it were -- we cannot see, perhaps there is something I have not noticed -- but we cannot see how that is going to endanger anybody's life for us to know what the metadata is relating to his mobile which he has told Mark Urban he had, provided by what he calls "the team", the people who are basically his handlers in this country. So we say these are matters the family need to examine at this moment.

Other basic things, again pretty basic to most inquests, fingerprinting: how much fingerprinting has been done, how much fingerprinting links? This is not putting anyone in danger. If there is anybody's fingerprints who are irrelevant, I'm sure they'll be cast aside. We are only interested in the extent to which fingerprints at the various locations -- it is not only Salisbury, but also back in London, there are now two hotels which are being examined. Have they been examined for fingerprints and whose fingerprints are in there which are relevant to this case, obviously not to other matters? We don't have that.

Obviously there is another heading here, we say, of

Now it is asserted they are the same and they may well be, but they certainly seem to have very different effects to which I have already alluded to. It may be there is nothing in it, but it is a question the family have asked, particularly because of Dawn's demise so effectively -- although she didn't die on that day, she was affected dramatically on that day. We are now in a situation -- I go back and look at the papers we have already had -- we have had very little, but we have had some Novichok experts in relation to the damage to health of people in this case.

I don't think the family are interested in the names of the experts -- in fact, we have them already. Now they are apparently being withdrawn, but we did have those. But in fact we do seek, or we probably will seek, the permission of an expert to look at these matters because the packaging and the application of Novichok in relation to the premises in Salisbury is an issue that needs to be examined rather carefully.

So we say the Novichok background which is set out very extensively in there, and I have only selected -- of the 21 inserts in this schedule, they are nearly all from official sources. So for example, the OPCW, the Organisation for the Prevention of Chemical Weapons, are quoted extensively. Of course they may be speculating,

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data, and that is passport details have been -- again, it could be that it is total speculation, but it happens to be right, the passport details relating to the two main suspects, I haven't noticed any detail about the passport details for the third one. So in other words, passport details have been bandied about in any event and whether this is true or not, we need to know what information there is without endangering anybody's life.

So we say these are just a range of examples of where we say restriction orders are not applicable at all.

If I may just turn to the second category, I have already dealt with the status of Mr Skripal himself. But may I just say on the issue of Novichok itself, the family do want inquiries to be made about the nature of the substance, and you will see in the schedule here I have listed them all in a note I made, there are 21 entries here from official sources about the characteristics of Novichok and the different kinds of Novichok. This is important if it is going to be -- we need to know, we say the family needs to know, the public needs to know, quite sensibly, what the various categories are and what the similarities are between what was found in Salisbury and what was found in

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but I think it is unlikely they are speculating because they are doing the work themselves, and that is the body to whom the British government went in the first place. But none of them have been, as it were, reticent about going public as to what they found and the effect. And I think the public need to know what the safety element of all of this is. And of course the further dimension which I put on top of all of this, these categories which should come now, is a consideration which the family want to know is how much safeguarding was being done in advance; in other words, once you bring in somebody who was undoubtedly a Russian spy, who lives in Salisbury under his own name, has somebody done a risk assessment?

And we say again, this is why these basic questions have to be asked first of all in order to indicate whether there was a risk that was foreseeable and nothing apparently seems to have been done. I hope I have put it in a global context so you see where we are coming from.

I don't think there is anything else I can add to the aspect of rolling disclosure because if that process begins now, whether you include the matters I have already mentioned which I have suggested to be excluded. But if they are to be included, then we would ask that

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Amesbury.

1 1 there is a protocol which allows for regular revelation you had an open certificate from the Home Secretary, 2 to the families because of the pressure of time. That 2 open evidence from a senior police officer and more. 3 is all. 3 The second is that all we have are the categories 4 THE CHAIR: Got it. Thank you. 4 and those categories are wide and vague and capable of 5 MR MANSFIELD: Thank you. 5 covering material that is plainly not damaging to any 6 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much, Mr Mansfield. public interest. We are grateful for the clarification 7 Mr Bunting. this morning that those categories are intended as 8 Submissions by MR BUNTING 8 chapter headings rather than as all inclusive 9 MR BUNTING: I act for seven media organisations: The 9 descriptions but that is all we have and that is all we 10 Guardian, the BBC, ITN, The Telegraph, The Daily Mail, 10 can argue about. 11 The Times and Sky News, and I hope to assist you with 11 Of course the family of Dawn Sturgess have worked 12 three short points this morning. 12 hard to prepare their table and to make their helpful 13 The first is the fairness point which we have 13 and detailed submissions. We have also tried to do that 14 developed in our submissions and which Mr O'Connor has 14 in our submissions but the fact that we have tried, as 15 addressed briefly; secondly, what is the test that ought 15 have the family, to address the submissions 16 to be applied; and then thirdly, a little bit on the 16 speculatively does not mean that we have been able to 17 detail, in particular the detail of the categories, the 17 address them effectively, and that is our concern. 18 detail of the public domain material and the detail of 18 Then the third problem in terms of material that 19 the draft order. 19 could be provided to us is material which we know has 20 Chair, the first point I seek to make is fairness, 20 been prepared and which we understand wouldn't cause 2.1 21 and I make this point without being critical of your a harm to us seeing. So, to give an example, 22 22 team, or indeed critical of the applicants for Operation Verbasco say in their submissions at 23 restriction orders -- we understand that great work has 23 paragraph 34(d) that they have prepared proposed gists 24 been done behind the scenes so as to ensure that the 24 of the material that they seek to redact. We also 25 media and, more importantly, the family can assist you 25 understand from His Majesty's Government's submissions Page 61 Page 63 1 with the important task of addressing these restriction at paragraph 15 that they have prepared proposed 2 2 orders. You in your decision last year, chair, redactions. Now, provision of those gists or of those 3 3 indicated that the starting point is openness and redactions might assist us to assist you so as to enable 4 4 transparency. We respectfully agree but, when assessing that we can make properly focused submissions about the 5 fact-sensitive balancing exercise that applies. the fact-sensitive balancing test, fairness is key. 5 6 Fairness comes of course in this context from 6 That is our submission on fairness. 7 a ruling with which you agreed, sir, in the Supreme 7 THE CHAIR: You cannot have sight of the prepared redactions 8 Court judgment in A v BBC, in which Lord Reed was 8 before the decision has been made, Mr Bunting. That 9 addressing reporting restriction orders in a more 9 defeats the object of the exercise. 10 general sense and observed that the media is entitled to 10 MR BUNTING: What we would then see are the material that is 11 be heard as a matter of fairness where an application is 11 left once the redactions, the proposed redactions, have 12 made for the court to allow a matter to be withheld and 12 been carried out and that might enable us to make 13 that judgment has been of course followed -- I am sorry? 13 submissions about the context or to explain the extent 14 THE CHAIR: Which is why you are being heard. 14 to which the gist assists or doesn't assist. 15 MR BUNTING: Yes, exactly, and of course that has been 15 THE CHAIR: I see. 16 followed more recently in Marandi, the case which we MR BUNTING: Or, more importantly, to explain the extent to 16 17 have handed up this morning, and of course, chair you 17 which material may actually be in the public domain from 18 have indicated we are on notice, we are being heard but 18 an official source or to explain the extent which 19 our concern is that we aren't able to be effectively 19 redactions impact on the purposes of open justice. 20 heard because we are not able to make effective and 20 So that is the fairness point and I will move to the 21 focused submissions. 21 second submission, which is about the test. 22 Can I identify three problems. The first is that 22 You ruled last year, chair, at paragraph 7, that the 23 there is no evidence at all in open to justify these 23 test is one of necessity and we respectfully agree for 24 applications and you can compare that situation, chair, 24 the four reasons that we have set out in our submissions 25 to the position last year in the anonymity hearing when 25 for this hearing. A restriction order is an exception Page 64 Page 62

to the presumption of openness that applies and therefore only to be made where a high threshold is met and we say that a particularly high threshold applies, whereas here the reality of these orders will be that there is likely to be closed hearings from which the public and the media will be excluded, and that is clear, aside from logic, from His Majesty's Government's draft order at paragraph 4. A closed hearing is of Q course the most extreme form of interference with open justice that can be sought, and so a particularly high threshold must be required to enable it and that is also clear when the purpose of open justice is considered. You made a helpful observation this morning, chair,

You made a helpful observation this morning, chair, if I may respectfully observe. You said that the more relevant the material, the more cogent must the evidence be to withhold it. We would respectfully add that the more the material that is sought to be withheld goes to the purpose of openness, the more strict the threshold ought to be. So we have sought to summarise what we say the purpose of open justice is at paragraph 7 of our submissions: openness protects public confidence, deters inappropriate behaviour, makes uninformed inaccurate comment less likely, prevents the appearance of cover up, assists in improving the quality of evidence and enables catharsis, both for the family and the wider

harm, to use the language of PII -- let's look at what tests His Majesty's Government puts forward in their submissions.

So in their opening submissions at tab 4, paragraph 19, His Majesty's Government summarise Articles 2 and 3 by saying material's disclosure "might create a risk". We say that is not the test: it doesn't matter if the disclosure might create a risk, it is would it create a risk, and not just any risk but a real and immediate risk when Articles 2 and 3 are involved. Because, we say, of the lack of clarity as regards the risk that His Majesty's Government relies on, your counsel helpfully invited His Majesty's Government to clarify this point in their responsive submissions of 25 August, which they did, and their answer, chair, is at tab 10, paragraph 8(4):

"HMG seeks to protect information that could put individuals at risk of harm, whether or not that harm might be expected to reach an Article 2/Article 3 threshold."

We respectfully observe here that the test is not whether information could create a risk, it is that it would create a risk and not just any risk but a real risk or a serious risk.

25 THE CHAIR: Yes.

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community. Those are important purposes. That is why openness is such a powerful imperative, to use Mr Straw's phrase, and insofar as these restriction orders go to those purposes, we say the strict standard of necessity applies.

Of course that high threshold is also clear at

Of course that high threshold is also clear at common law when reporting restriction orders are sought and, chair, you have again Marandi's case handed up this morning at paragraph 16 and 17 to make that point good -- clear and cogent evidence. That is also the test that applies under the convention. So when Articles 2 or 3 are relied upon for a restriction order, such an order can only be justified where it can be shown that there is a real and immediate risk of death or serious ill-treatment, and of course that is also the threshold that applies when public interest immunity is relied on, although we, like the family, do not suggest that that analogy is apt. His Majesty's Government give you a reference to Willey at footnote 2 of their submissions in which a real risk of serious harm is required.

you a reference to Willey at footnote 2 of their submissions in which a real risk of serious harm is required.

So, having set out those tests -- necessity, to use your words, chair; clear and cogent evidence, to use the language of the common law; real and immediate risk, to use the language of the convention; real risk of serious

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- 1 MR BUNTING: Nothing less meets the high threshold that 2 applies and, for those reasons, chair, we would invite 3 you when you go into closed to apply that high test. 4 That brings me to my third submission on the detail.
 - That brings me to my third submission on the detail.

 For the reasons we set out in writing, chair, we say that the material that falls into these general categories, these chapter headings, is plainly material that is likely to be of high public interest and also, like the family, we respectfully observe that a significant amount of material in those categories is already in the public domain and in the public domain from official sources.

Rather than going through the detail, can I invite your team to consider the links that we have included in the footnotes to our submissions and those links include, at footnote 35, chair, the counterterrorism -- THE CHAIR: That is the website that Mr Mansfield was referring to?

- 19 MR BUNTING: Yes.
- THE CHAIR: Yes, I have found that.

MR BUNTING: So we say that the material that is in the public domain is not just unsourced material or assertion material, it is also material that has been put into the public domain deliberately by employees and officers of His Majesty's Government, by employees and

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1 officers of Operation Verbasco. That includes briefing 1 MR BERRY: I was going with the flow, sir. 2 2 to the media at Porton Down as records Novichok, that THE CHAIR: Of course you were and I should have said so 3 3 earlier. It doesn't matter at all -- but please don't includes media comments from senior police officers such 4 as Neil Basu, that includes the counterterrorism 4 5 website, that includes books published with 5 MR BERRY: I will start again then, sir. 6 Sergei Skripal's direct assistance. I rise to speak to the point made in our skeleton 6 7 7 argument at paragraphs 9 and 10 at tab 12 of your But to address your point, chair, even if it is 8 right that material is only in the public domain because 8 bundle. I don't ask you to turn it up. 9 of assertion, that goes to the purpose of open justice, 9 THE CHAIR: Yes. 10 MR BERRY: In Operation Verbasco's restriction order because open justice is about avoiding ill-informed 10 11 speculation about proceedings and, insofar as material 11 application, at tab 5 of your bundle, they set out at 12 is in the public domain because of assertion, or even 12 paragraph 21, 11 subcategories of damage relating to 13 because of state-sponsored misinformation, that is all 13 counter-terrorism policing and national security. 14 14 They then continued at paragraphs 22 and 23 to set the more reason for disclosing that material in open 15 15 rather than in closed in our submission. out a further two categories of damage which relate to 16 16 what I will call general policing, those being damage to Then, just addressing the draft order if I can, 17 chair, it is at tab 4A. The first problem with that 17 ongoing or future policing operations and the prevention 18 and detection of crime, and the public interest in draft order is that it doesn't contain any proviso for 18 19 the reporting of material that is already in the public 19 maximising police resources. 20 domain. Obviously where orders of this kind are usually 20 Sir, in your counsel's submissions at paragraph 30, 2.1 made, such a proviso is usually in there so as to permit 2.1 tab 8 of the bundle, they accepted these two categories 22 reporting material that is already in the public domain. 22 of damage relating to general policing were capable of 23 The second concern is that paragraph 2 of the order 23 supporting a restriction order, but they observed that 24 appears to prohibit publication of material at all, 24 in practice, they may add little to the other categories 25 25 of damage identified by Operation Verbasco. whether or not the media or the public obtains that Page 69 Page 71 1 material from the inquiry. Paragraph 3 of the order has 1 Our simple point is that your counsel's observation 2 2 may well be the case with respect to Operation a clear link to material that comes from the inquiry, 3 and we respectfully observe that this inquiry only has 3 Verbasco's material, but with respect to Wiltshire 4 power to prohibit reporting of material from the 4 Police's material, the damage that a restriction order 5 5 inquiry, rather than to prohibit the reporting of would seek to avoid is likely to be damage relating to 6 material that comes from elsewhere. 6 general policing matters and not -- or at least not 7 So with those two points about finessing of the 7 only, counter-terrorism policing or national security 8 order, we would respectfully invite the inquiry to 8 matters. 9 consider that order with care. 9 We would therefore invite you, sir, to recognise the 10 So overall, chair, our starting point is that more 10 two categories of damage relating to general policing 11 material ought to be provided to enable us to play 11 set out in Operation Verbasco's application at 12 a proper role in this application. If that is not 12 paragraphs 22 and 23 as freestanding categories or 13 chapter headings as you have put it, sir. 13 possible, then we respectfully invite you, chair, to 14 14 THE CHAIR: I see. subject these applications to particularly strict 15 scrutiny in closed and to apply the high threshold that 15 MR BERRY: I simply add, as we have stated in writing, we 16 we have sought to identify. 16 fully support the categories or chapter headings set out 17 Can I assist in any --17 in the balance of Operation Verbasco's application. 18 THE CHAIR: No, that is very helpful, Mr Bunting. Thank you 18 Sir, unless I can assist you further. 19 19 THE CHAIR: I follow, Mr Berry. Thank you very much indeed. very much, I am grateful. 20 Do you want to say anything? 20 That is helpful. 21 Submissions by MR BERRY 21 Right, Ms McGahey. 22 Submissions by MS McGAHEY 22 MR BERRY: Chair, I rise to speak briefly to the point made 23 in our skeleton argument --23 MS MCGAHEY: Sir, the government does not dispute for one 24 24 moment the enormous importance of open justice or that THE CHAIR: You none of you really need to keep calling me 25 "chair". I fact I would much prefer it if you didn't. 25 that is the starting point. Any application for Page 72 Page 70

1 1 is C an agent, we can't tell you -- then the entire a restriction order requires convincing justification. 2 2 But in my submission, sir, it is wrong for my learned value of its protection is removed. 3 3 An argument can be constructed in almost any case friend on behalf of the media to say that the test 4 4 should be of real and immediate harm, the risk of real that this is exceptional. Any public inquiry, any 5 or immediate harm under Articles 2 and 3. 5 inquest, any major piece of litigation in which the 6 The test for you to apply is that set out in agent status of someone that comes into question will be 6 7 7 of immense importance and very often of a wider public section 19 of the Inquiries Act where a restriction 8 order is made when it is necessary in the public importance. But the more exceptions are created, the 9 interest. Attention is drawn to a number of categories 9 weaker is the protection of NCND and, in my submission, 10 10 of harm, and in particular one of the risks to be taken sir, it does not matter whether the person concerned is 11 into account when considering a restriction order is 11 dead, whether the person claims to be an agent, whether 12 12 the person claims he is not an agent, as Mr Scappaticci; whether there is any risk of harm or damage, and that 13 can include a risk of death or injury, or indeed damage 13 whether the person has written a book or appeared on 14 14 television, or where other people have written books or to national security or to international relations. The 15 test is far, far wider than in my submission has been 15 made claims about that person. It is one thing for 16 set out so far. 16 there to be public assertions about a person's work and 17 THE CHAIR: Yes. 17 it is another thing completely for the government to 18 18 confirm or deny the truth of that assertion. MS MCGAHEY: This restriction order application has been 19 19 made with immense care and it has taken months to There has already been reference to Mr Scappaticci 20 prepare. The government has been very, very mindful of 20 and also of course to Mr Litvinenko. In Mr Litvinenko's 2.1 21 case, although obviously sadly he had died, his widow its obligation to make everything as open as it possibly 22 22 can. I don't propose to deal in any detail with the asserted publicly that he had been an agent. 23 23 THE CHAIR: Yes. categories of damage that we have identified, and indeed 24 24 MS MCGAHEY: There was still no confirmation or denial as to a lot of the material before you sadly has to remain at 25 25 least for the moment in closed. But may I deal with two whether that was correct. Page 73 Page 75 1 issues that have been raised this morning, firstly the 1 The suggestion that HMG should confirm or deny agent 2 2 status of Mr Skripal. status when there has been a public claim that X is 3 3 As you have already said repeatedly sir, as a matter an agent, in my submission, is one that presents huge 4 of policy, the government does not confirm or deny 4 danger because in particular, it could encourage 5 whether anyone is or has been an agent. Confirming that 5 a hostile actor to plant public stories about 6 a person is an agent may put that person at risk; 6 an individual in the hope of then engineering a 7 confirming that a person is not an agent may put someone 7 situation in which the government was forced in 8 else at risk. That risk may very easily be a risk of 8 litigation or an inquiry to confirm whether that person 9 9 was an agent. So the more exceptions are created on the 10 As importantly, and indeed, sir, you have already 10 basis, well, everybody said it, surely it's time the 11 alluded to the fact that the NCND principle, neither 11 government says whether it is right or wrong, the 12 confirm nor deny, exists for the protection of others, 12 greater the risk of something like that happening. 13 not necessarily those who are the specific subject of 13 The second topic I would like to address is that of 14 an application. Potential agents will not work for HMG 14 whether there should be disclosure to the families and 15 if they think their identities may one day be revealed 15 the other core participants before the very end of the 16 in a court or inquiry; and if people will not work for 16 restriction order process. Of course the government 17 us, then vital intelligence that keeps this country safe 17 understands entirely why the family wants to see as much 18 will be lost. 18 material as it can as soon as possible. It is not the 19 The NCND policy works only if it is consistently 19 government's position that it is absolutely out of the 20 applied. Yes, there may be very exceptional cases, but 20 question for anything to be disclosed before the end of 21 as a rule, it means it has to be applied in cases where 2.1 the process. If it appears there are documents or 22 it does matter and cases where it doesn't matter because 22 categories of documents that could be disclosed, then 23 otherwise the whole value of NCND is lost. If the 23 the government will work with the inquiry legal team and 24 government gives confirmation in some cases -- is A 24 the police to try to make that happen. 25 an agent, no, he is not; is B an agent, no she is not; 25 But the risk of disclosing material as soon as it Page 76 Page 74

1 1 has been redacted, and you have ruled that those THE CHAIR: Yes, right. The question I am being asked is whether as a general proposition there are not bound to 2 2 redactions are all that are going to be required, is 3 3 be some parts of these documents where the risk of that a very great one. In my submission, it is not as simple 4 4 as saying, as the family have done, if you have ruled is either demonstrably non-existent or so vestigial that 5 that disclosure in this form is safe, then it must be, 5 it can safely be disregarded. 6 before the process has come to an end. 6 Now, do you agree that as a general proposition, 7 7 there may well be such documents? I have given examples in the past but for the sake 8 8 of argument, say, you rule there is a need to protect MS MCGAHEY: Demonstrably non-existent as a principle, yes, 9 9 the identity of a certain person, but it is important sir. We would be concerned about vestigial risk, simply 10 the family should know as much as possible about what 10 because the risk of harm if we get this wrong is so 11 that person did. So you look at a document and say, 11 12 12 THE CHAIR: I have your submissions on that. well, what I will order is that the person's name is 13 redacted but the place of work will be made public so 13 Then the question becomes: should we be looking at 14 14 least for the demonstrably non-existent risk documents the family knows a little bit more about what was going 15 15 and getting those out as soon as one practicably can? on. That document is then put to one side with the 16 16 MS MCGAHEY: That has already been done, sir, but I think place of work set out in it. 17 But your view, in my submission, sir, must 17 I mentioned on the last occasion, it is very likely 18 18 those sorts of documents will be the ones least useful necessarily be provisional because that place of work 19 19 and other details about that person's work may appear in to the family by their very nature. 20 other documents you have not yet seen, and the rest of 20 THE CHAIR: That may or may not be so, but one of the topics 2.1 21 us have not yet examined. And so the disclosure of raised by the submissions your team has made in relation 22 22 a place of work may look completely innocuous in one to this is the general assertion that one really needs 23 23 to wait until every single document has been pored over document and then you come to consider an application 24 24 and compared with every other potential single document for another document which has that person's job title 25 25 to avoid -- before you can ever say the risk of jigsaw in it and you think, actually, it is much more useful Page 77 Page 79 for the family to know the job title. But if both the 1 1 or mosaic disappears, I just want to test whether that 2 2 is really what you are saying. It doesn't sound as if job title and the place of work are disclosed in those 3 3 two separate documents, it will be possible for it is, quite. 4 4 MS MCGAHEY: There may very well be categories, sir, so it a hostile actor to work out who that person is. 5 5 THE CHAIR: By adding the one to the other. may well be we can say actually we now know we have 6 MS MCGAHEY: By adding one to the other. For that reason, 6 looked at every single document in the disclosure 7 sir, we ask that you do not order disclosure of the 7 documents about the cleanup operation and so -- or 8 document with the place of work in it until we have gone 8 whatever -- and so, yes, as a category that has all been 9 9 through all documents in which that person might be done and everyone is content for it to be disclosed. 10 10 mentioned to see whether we can safely say that, or I hear my learned friend saying you now know the 11 11 totality of everything the inquiry team has assessed as whether it is better that the family know the job title, 12 a little bit more about what the person was doing, 12 relevant, so you have the whole lot. That is true. But 13 13 we are a very limited team of people and we are going to safely. If you put out the document with the place of 14 14 have to make rolling restriction order applications as work, that will be safe, but then you may have to rule 15 15 we go. So we have made them on a sample of documents, later that you cannot disclose more about the person, 16 we are going to have to continue working with what we 16 including the job title, what they did, because that 17 17 place of work is already out there. So actually in the have and look at the police documents. 18 THE CHAIR: Okay. Well, then the answer to that is this --18 end, the family get to see less useful material than 19 19 the answer we have arrived at is I think this: first, they would have done. 20 there may well be documents which can be disclosed in 20 THE CHAIR: Yes. That is an example, you say, of what you 2.1 advance of April and where they can, they should be, 21 have described as the mosaic effect, it is sometimes 22 22 referred to as jigsaw. It is adding apparently 23 23 inconsequential bits of information together and finding MS MCGAHEY: Yes, absolutely. 24 THE CHAIR: Right, so part of the task will be to look for 24 something that is consequential. 25 those. 25 MS MCGAHEY: It is. Page 78 Page 80

1	MS MCGAHEY: To be honest, sir, I am not sure whether it	1	approach. And our approach, Verbasco's approach, has
2	would be the best use of time to look for them. It may	2	been informed by those principles. Also, an immense
3	be we find them or we come to a point where we have	3	amount of detailed work, time and care has gone into the
4	completed an exercise	4	preparation of the restriction order applications and we
5	THE CHAIR: Or at the very least to mark them up, identify	5	are very grateful for counsel to the inquiry's
6	them, flag them where they are seen.	6	acknowledgment that our application has been designed to
7	MS MCGAHEY: Where they are it is unlikely individual	7	facilitate the participation of the family, the media,
8	documents will be in that category, so it is when we	8	the other core participants.
9	have reached a point where we can say we have dealt with	9	The legal test is, as we understand it, largely
10	all the material from this department and these issues	10	uncontroversial. It is that set out in section 19 of
11	are not going to arise on any other document.	11	the Act. The only point I would like to touch on is
12	THE CHAIR: It may be. That is the first point, that is	12	a submission in Mr Bunting's written submissions that
13	part of the task. You are not going to persuade me, at	13	you should be looking for exceptional evidence to
14	least for the moment, of a blanket rule that we wait	14	justify a restriction order. We would caution against
15	until April.	15	applying an exceptionality test instead of
16	MS MCGAHEY: We are not saying there is absolutely no	16	THE CHAIR: In every context of the law in which I have ever
17	question of it, sir. We certainly would ask that there	17	encountered it, it is a word that is extremely
18	shouldn't be an order saying once one batch of	18	dangerous.
19	redactions has been done, that batch goes out.	19	MS GIOVANNETTI: Yes. I think Lord Bingham once said it is
20	THE CHAIR: No, that is an entirely different proposition,	20	an expectation that cases will be exceptional outside
21	that it follows immediately on the redactions being	21	the norm but it's not a legal test and one shouldn't be
22	ruled upon. But to look for those which can be	22	on a search for something exceptional.
23	disclosed and to accelerate the disclosure where it can	23	Then turning to our approach in a little bit more
24	be done, you may take it is part of my aim.	24	detail, we were very concerned about the suggestion from
25	Secondly, I am very sympathetic to the problem of	25	Mr Bunting that we were approaching it on a category
	Page 81		Page 83
1	person power, but this has gone on quite long enough and	1	basis, which did sound very much like a class-based
2	you will have to do your best, I am afraid, as all the	2	claim. I think that has been clarified in exchanges
3	other teams have to do in the time available.	3	between you and Mr O'Connor at the outset.
4	MS MCGAHEY: That is already being done and we have put	4	THE CHAIR: You are all in the same place on that,
5	forward a timetable to the inquiry team	5	Ms Giovannetti. End of story.
6	THE CHAIR: You have done a lot of work, I don't doubt it.	6	MS GIOVANNETTI: I think we are.
7	MS MCGAHEY: We have done a vast amount of work and our	7	Each individual sensitivity is obviously going to be
8	proposal involves making restriction order applications	8	considered very carefully in closed. That consideration
9	every two weeks.	9	may include the factors identified by the family at
10	THE CHAIR: Yes, thank you. That deals with that.	10	paragraph 14 of their written submissions. They may or
11	MS MCGAHEY: Sir, unless I can assist you further, those	11	may not be relevant in each specific incidence. So for
12	were the only two topics I seek to address.	12	example, a source who has retired is probably in the
13	THE CHAIR: No, I don't think so, thank you very much	13	same place as an agent working for the government, they
14	indeed. Ms Giovannetti.	14	may still be at risk. The fact they are not active at
15	Submissions by MS GIOVANNETTI	15	the moment does not mean that disclosure is safe.
16	MS GIOVANNETTI: Thank you, sir. My submissions are likely	16	Again, it will all turn on the specific disclosure in
17	to be equally brief, I hope.	17	question.
17 18	to be equally brief, I hope. Could I start off by briefly addressing the legal	17	In terms of the family's table, of course we agree
			•
18	Could I start off by briefly addressing the legal	18	In terms of the family's table, of course we agree
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1	So we are continuing to cross-check, it is	1	THE CHAIR: Well, yes. It is a mixed submission that
2	an ongoing exercise, and if any modification of the	2	Mr Mansfield made, none the worse for that, but it is
3	detail of application in closed is required, then of	3	a mixed submission. Part of it goes to the basis on
4	course we will do that and we will liaise with your team	4	which restriction orders may or may not be made; part of
5	to ensure they have the earliest possible notice of	5	it goes to the timing of disclosure; and part of it goes
6	that.	6	to the assessment of individual candidates for redaction
7	THE CHAIR: Yes, the schedule is enormously helpful. But	7	or otherwise.
8	they are right, aren't they, when they say it is your	8	It is helpful, if I may say so, to have it to me
9	job to look for it?	9	at least to have the topics assembled together in the
10	MS GIOVANNETTI: Absolutely, and we have been.	10	way that Mr Mansfield did. But there are different
11	Specifically, for example, the counter-terrorism	11	considerations applying to each of those three aspects
12	policing, that has all been looked at and I can assure	12	of it.
13	them about that.	13	MR O'CONNOR: Yes.
14	In terms of procedural matters, we understand	14	THE CHAIR: All right, thank you very much.
15	His Majesty's Government's concerns about the risks of	15	MR O'CONNOR: Sir, that apart, there were no further
16	mosaic disclosure. Again, we have heard your exchanges	16	submissions I was proposing to make.
17	on that. There is really not much we can contribute,	17	THE CHAIR: All right, thank you.
18	save to say we will of course work closely with HMG and	18	MS GIOVANNETTI: Sir, I rise to my feet again. There was
19	indeed with the inquiry legal team to ensure that	19	one additional point, and I don't know if it would be
20	everything (Pause).	20	helpful to you if I addressed it, and of course that was
21	THE CHAIR: Press on, Ms Giovannetti.	21	Mr Bunting's point that less weight also advanced on
22	MS GIOVANNETTI: I will, thank you, sir.	22	behalf of the family less weight falls to be accorded
23	I wanted to give you my assurance that Verbasco will	23	to a certificate to an insertion of PII by the police
24	work closely with your counsel and legal team and HMG to	24	than falls to be accorded to one by a government
25	ensure whatever can be provided in advance of next April	25	minister.
	Page 85		Page 87
1	is so provided in as effective and efficient a way as	1	THE CHAIR: I don't think that is quite how he put it.
2	possible.	2	MS GIOVANNETTI: I thought it was.
2 3	possible. THE CHAIR: All right.	2 3	MS GIOVANNETTI: I thought it was. THE CHAIR: He simply said and there is something in it,
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1
        here?
2
      MR O'CONNOR: I think not, sir. I invite you to rise.
3
      THE CHAIR: Well, then, thank you very much, everybody.
        I am very grateful. I hope we can move this on in
 4
 5
        accordance with the plans that have been really made in
 6
        considerable detail. We are going to get there in the
 7
 8
      (12.37 pm)
 9
               (The hearing concluded)
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